WAR REVENUE DEBATE OPENS

Democratic and Republican Plans Discussed.

EXPENSE OF THE WAR OVER A MILLION A DAY

marking member, in the absence of Mr.

Morrill of Vermont. It was estimated that the bill, as it came from the house affairs in not negritive on military affairs in not negritive. of representatives, would raise about \$100,000,000 a year. As reported from the senate committee Mr. Allison esti-

the senate committee Mr. Allison esti-mates that it will raise \$151,497,695. At the conclusion of Mr. Allison's statement the bill was made the unfin-ished business and it will be pressed to passage as soon as possible. Mr. Morgan of Alabama introduced a resolution calling upon the secretary of the interior for information concerning the progress of work on the Nicaragna canal and concerning the financial af-fairs of the Maritime Canal company. The resolution was agreed to.

fairs of the Maritime Canal company. The resolution was agreed to.

Mr. Allison of lowa then called up the war revenue bill and reported a statement of its features to the senate. Mr. Allison said that as the bill came from the house of representatives it was an internal revenue measure, and as reported to the senate it was still an internal revenue measure. Comparatively, said he, there are no provisions in it for increase of customs duties.

The state of the control of the cont

not lavy a tax of one-fourth of 1 per coat upon the very interests Mr. White referred to, just the same as upon the smaller corporations.

Mr. White admitted that it did, but thought the senate ought to have justice and equity in view.

Mr. Allison said that the bill would be laid aside for the day, Mr. Jones of Arkansas having the floor, with the understanding that it was to be the understanding that it was to be the unfinished business and would be called up each day immediately after the morning business.

IN THE HOUSE.

McKinley's First Veto Message- STEAMED INTO HARBOR Land Treaties Ratified.

Washington, May 16,-The house today received its first veto from Presi-dent McKinley and voted unanimously dent McKilley and voted unanimously to sustein the executive. The veto was of a bill conforting upon the court of claims jurisdiction in a private claims case of long standing. The day was given to consideration of bills under suspension of the rules, the measure of chief Importance being one ratifying an agreement for the allotment and tyield But One Hundred Millions.

While the House Bill Would Yield But One Hundred Millions—
Seattle, Wash.

Seattle, Wash.

While the House Bill Would
Yield But One Hundred Millions—
McKinley's First Veto Message to
the House—Senator Allison Pleads
For the Corporations.

Washington, May 15.—The debate
upon the war revenue measure was begun in the senate today. The opening
statement for the committee on finance
was made by Mr. Allison of Iowa, the
ranking member, in the absence of Mr.

WARM CHARGES MADE.

The senate then, at 2:40 p. m., went into executive session, and at 2:05 p. m. Amusing Mistake of a Spanadjourned. ish Warship.

AND GAVE A SALUTE

Thought the Americans Were In-

hought the Americans Were Indulging In Target Practice.

The dulging In Target Practice.

The week Captures Some Good Vessels and Large Quantities of Stores—
Spanish Governor General Flies the White Flag—All Prisoners Are Paroled—Plenty of Coal—Spaniards Were Unable to Fight Before Breakfast.

TREATMENT OF PRISONERS.

No attempt has been made to take up arms against the Capture and those who were captured on the vessels were set at liberty under parole not to take up arms against the United States during the present war.

Admiral Dewey has given notice that any one breaking the oath will be summarily dealt with, but that the liberated men will not be molested as long as they observe the parole.

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No indignities have been affered the Spaniards. The officers were allowed to keep their swords. Many soldiers were permitted to retain guns, because the rebeis would not have allowed them to get to Manila unless they have allowed them to get to Manila unless they have allowed them to get to Manila unless they have allowed them to get to Manila unless they have allowed them to get to Manila unless they have allowed them to get to Manila unless they have allowed them to get to Manila unless they have allowed them to get to Manila unless they have allowed to keep their swords. Dewey Captures Some Good Vessels

panish Governor the White Fiag—All Prisoners Are Paroled—Plenty of Coal—Spaniards Were Unable to Fight Before Breakfast.

Spaniards Were Unable to Fight the rebels would not have allowed the best of the ships destroyed and captured exceed 26,000. The 11 vessels burned or sunk aggregated 14. 2950 tons. These figures do not include the lambers armed, by way of Hongkong, May 15, says:

The formage of the ships destroyed and captured exceed 26,000. The 11 vessels burned or sunk aggregated 14. 2950 tons. These figures do not include the lambers armed and the lambers armed and the lambers are and sailing craft. Many fine steam lamches were captured and are now include the lambers are and as launches or tenders for the Lambers and launches were captured and are now included the lambers are allowed the lambers are now included the lambers are allowed the lambers are now included the lambers are allowed the lambers are now included the lam

morning. The Spaniards were their pajamas. They had had fee, and could not shoot straight

still in their pajamas. They had had no coffee, and could not shoot straight without coffee.

When the Boston and the Concord returned from convoying to sea the McCuiloch on her first trip to Hong-kong, after the bettle, they stopped at Correlidor island and captured a gunboat and one tug, and destroyed the remaining battery and signals station.

The absence of signals resulted in the gunboat Callado's entering the bay and her capture by the Americans. A careful search has been made of the nearby rivers and harbors for warships or Spanish vessels. All the merchantmen have been captured. But few were left and they were mostly small craft. There has been no litterference with the fishing boats except that they are not allowed to go to Manifa.

TREATMENT OF PRISONERS.

MAY START THIS WEEK __.

No Vessels Yet Ready For the Philippine Expedition.

CRUISER SAILS TODAY

EXPECTED THAT 25,000 TROOPS WILL BE SENT.

General Merriam Assumes Charge of the Arrangements-Colorado, Nebraska and Kansas Troops Start-Steamer Pekin Will Carry 1,000 and Start Thursday or Friday.

Washington, May 18 .- It is said at the quartermaster general's office that the City of cPkin, with over 1,000 men, abourd, will leave San Francisco on

Mail CHARGES MADE.

Mr Lond of California attacked the had been stationed for the last 15 months. Her commander, Lieutenant of the volunteer soldiers, and at each of the volunteer soldiers, and at electrical Major Homel was unknown to the volunteer soldiers, and at electrical Major Homel was unknown to the volunteer soldiers, and at electrical Major Homel was unknown to the volunteer soldiers, and at electrical Major Homel was unknown to the volunteer soldiers, and at electrical Major Homel was unknown to the volunteer soldiers, and at electrical Major Homel was unknown to the volunteer soldiers, and at electrical Major Homel was unknown to the volunteer soldiers, and at electrical Major Homel was unknown to the volunteer soldiers, and at electrical Major Homel to pay pollitical obligations of the soldiers and the soldiers home to pay pollitical obligations and the soldiers home to pay pollitical obligations and the soldiers have been done to the committee, and two Republicans. As to Major Bonelli, and the committee, and two Republicans. As to Major Bonelling of Louis and the California Resident and the Resident Residues and two Depublicans. As to Major Bonelling of Louis and the Resident Residues and the soldiers and the soldi

WALL

We are offering bargains in Wall Papers to close out Spring Stock. Our PAPER. goods are of the very latest designs part of the very l patterns is great and selling fast, so don't delay in making

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GETS WHAT HE WANTS. New York, May 17.—A special to the Times from Washington says; The at-tention of Adjutant General Corbin was called to a dispatch from New York stating that General Merritt refused to

called to a dispatch from New York stating that General Merritr refused to go to the Philippines with less than 5,600 regulars and that he said he would not leave with a lot of resculis only.

That can't be true," said the adjutant general, "General Marritt pever said he would refuse to go anywhere where his orders carried him. He is not that sort of a man. However, you may say that the desartiment is now arranging to give General Merritt the regulars he wants. Before he sails for Manilla he will have a strong force of seasoned soldiers to take with him. General Corbin declined to say where the regiments to accompany the Manila expedition will come from, but as practically the entire regular army, with the exception of a few companies scattered through the Indian counter, which it would be unwise to withdraw from there, is mobilized at Tamba, it is considered certain that some of the troops now at the Florida port will be sent across the country to San Francisco for General Merritt's command.

Atlanta, who is familiar with the Philipines, and came on to see the and Colonel Hughes will go to Washington together. The only way I could get more regular troops would be to take them from the army now in Florida for Cuban invasion. But I feel that I do not want to go on this expedition unless I have an entirely adequate force and at least five regiments of regular troops. The department promises to send on men, but history and experience show that in such expeditions all depends upon the first force sent.

How can the Charleston start if there are no men ready? General Otis, may be willing to go on without four more regiments of regular troops, and take only Loos trained men, with 14,000 undisciplined ones, but I am not. I do not propose to go without a force that is suitable to my renk. I shall saw that is auttable to my renk. I shall saw. Wisconsin, Second and Third to Chick manage. Wyoning, Battained of infantry in San Francisco. Colorade, regiment to San Francisco. Utah, two hateries and one troop to San Francisco. Utah two hateries and the condition. Therefore, the expedition. Rourrieenth Kansas to Son Francisco-Theonty-frait Kansas to Chickenmance.

Wiscondin Second and Third to Chick-managas Missouri First and Second to Chickenmance. Michigan Thirty-frait to Chickenmance. Michigan Thirty-frait to Chickenmance. Chickenmance. Or of the con-manage. Wyoning, Batunlon of infantry to-Sun Francisco. Colorado, regiment to Sun Francisco. Utah, two hatteries and ope froop to San Francisco. Illinois Sixth to Washington: Fennsylvania. Sixth to Washington. Swe Hampshipe. First Washington. New Hampshipe. First to Chickenmance. The Management of Chickenmance. The Chickenman of Chickenmance of Chickenmance. The Chickenmance of Chickenmance of Chickenmance of Chickenmance.

Tampa Overtaxed.

Chicago, May 18.—A special to the Journal from Key West anys: General Walle amounters that no more troops, regulars or volunters, will be received in Tampa. The resources of the town are overtaxed water is running low and there is no ice. Troops on the way here will be quartered at other points. Twelve thousand troops are now in Tampa.

Tampa Overtaxed.

FOUGHT TWENTY ROUNDS. Dave Sullivan Defeats Sammy Kelly

In a Lively Mill. In a Lively Mill.

New York. May 18.—Dave Sullivan, the little Irish pugilist, met Sammy Kelley of this city tonight at the Leonox Athletic club, and after fighting 29 rounds, was declared winner by Rateres Jimmy. Dimo, of Amsterdary, N. Y. The boys were muched some time ago to fight at 118 pounds over weight, and had to pay a forfelt of 2526. Sulivan was the favorite in the betting at 191 to 26, but owing to the difference in the weights of the contestants, the amnouncement was made that